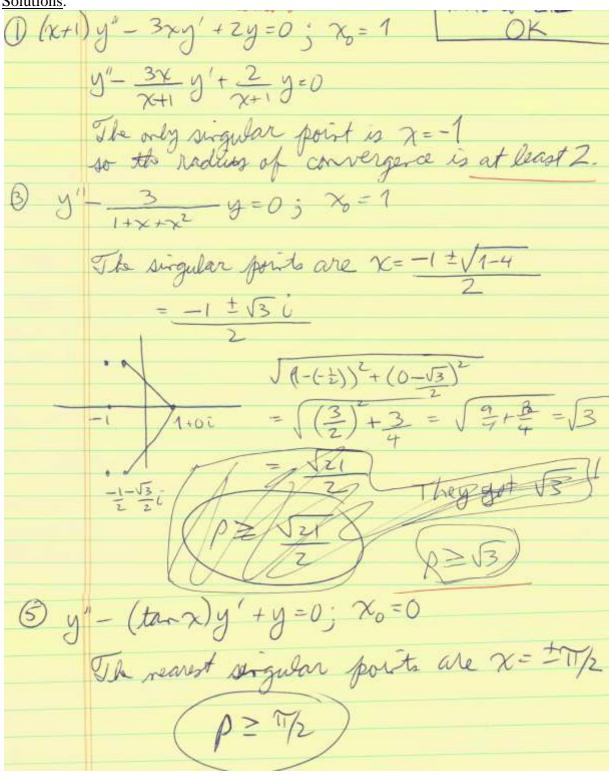
Math 432 HW 8.4 Solutions

Assigned: 1, 3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 23, 26.

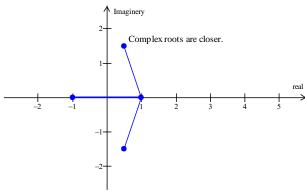
Selected for Grading: 3, 12, 18, 23

Solutions.



6.
$$y'' - \frac{x}{1+x^3}y' + \frac{3x^2}{1+x^3}y = 0; x_0 = 1.$$

 $x^3 + 1 = (x+1)(x^1 - x + 1)$
 $x = -1$, and $x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1-4}}{2} = \frac{1 \pm 3i}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{3}{2}i$.
Here's a picture.



The distances to the roots are $d_1 = 2$, $d_2 = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{2} - 1\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - 0\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4}} = 1$, and $d_3 = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{2} - 1\right)^2 + \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2} - 0\right)^2} = = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4}} = 1$. So the radius of convergence is $\rho \ge 1$.

$$(9) (\chi^{2}-2x)y'' + 2y = 0; \chi_{0} = 1$$

$$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_{n}(x-1)^{n} \quad y' = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_{n}(x-1)^{n}$$

$$y'' = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_{n}(x-1)^{n-2}$$

$$\chi^{2}-2\chi = -1 + (\chi-1)^{2}$$

$$-\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_{n}(x-1)^{n-2} + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_{n}(x-1)^{n} + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} 2a_{n}(x-1)^{n} = 0$$

$$-\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (n+2)(n+1) a_{n+2}(x-1)^{n} + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_{n}(x-1)^{n} + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} 2a_{n}(x-1)^{n} = 0$$

$$-2\cdot 1 \cdot a_{2} - 3\cdot 2a_{3}(x-1) + 2a_{0} + 2a_{1}(x-1)$$

$$+\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \left[-(n+2)(n+1) a_{n+2} + (n(n-1)+2) a_{n} \right] (\chi-1)^{n} = 0$$

$$-2a_{2} + 2a_{0} = 0 \quad a_{2} = 0$$

$$-6a_{3} + 2a_{1} = 0 \quad a_{3} = \frac{1}{3}a_{1}$$

That's all we need: J= a0 [1+ (x-1)2+ ...] +a[(x-1)+ \frac{1}{3}(x-1)^3 \lambda ---] (12) y" + (3x-1)y'-y-0; x=-1 3x-1 = 3(x+1)-4 $\frac{\infty}{\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n(n-1)q_n(x+1)^{n-2}} + \frac{\infty}{\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nq_n(x+1)^n - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 4nq_n(x+1)^{n-1}}$ $0 = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+2)(n+1)q_{n+2}(x+1)^{n} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 3nq_{n}(x+1)^{n} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 4(n+1)q_{n+1}(x+1)^{n}$ - Egy(x+1) 2.1.92 -4.1.9, -90 + \(\sum \sum \(\left(n+2\left(n+1 \right) q_{n+2} + (3n-1) a_n - 4\left(n+1 \right) q_{n+1} \right] \(\left(\chi + 1 \right)^n \) $2a_{2}-4a_{1}-a_{0}=0$ $a_{2}=2a_{1}+a_{0}$ 3.29, + 29, - 89, = 0 693 = 89, -29, 393 = 49, -9, = 89,+29,-9, =79,+290 93 = 791 + 390 y= 90 1+ 2(x+1) + 3(x+1) + ...] +9, (x+1)+2(x+1)+ = (x+1)3+---]

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(15)(x2+1)y"-exy'+y=0; y(0)=1, y'(0)=1
0= a0+a1x+a2x2+a3x3+a4x4+axx5+...
-(1+x+x^2+x^3+...)(a,+2a_1x+3a_3x^2+4a_4x^3+5q_5x^4...
 +(x^2+)(2a_1+6a_3x+12a_4x^2+20a_5x^3+...)
= a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + a_3 x^3 + a_4 x^4 + a_7 x_7
-a_{1} - 2a_{2}x - 3a_{3}x^{2} - 4a_{4}x^{3} - 5a_{5}x^{4} - 6a_{2}x^{5} - a_{1}x - 2a_{2}x^{2} - 3a_{3}x^{3} - 4a_{4}x^{4} - 5a_{5}x^{5} - a_{1}x^{2} - a_{2}x^{3} - 3a_{3}x^{4} - \cdots 
+ 2a_{2} + 6a_{3}x + 12a_{4}x^{2} + 20a_{5}x^{3} + \cdots 
                       + 2a2x2 + 6ax3 + - -
        (a = 1), (a = 1)
          a,-a,+2a2=0
                2a2 = a,-a0=0 (a2=0)
          9,-29,-6,+69,=0
                                        (a3=0)
                  693=292
         92-393-292-91+1294+292=0
          0-0-0-\frac{1}{2}+12a_{1}+0=0 a_{4}=\frac{1}{24} a_{5}-4a_{4}-3a_{5}-a_{2}-\frac{a_{1}}{6}+20a_{5}+ba_{5}=0
             -\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{6} + 209_5 = 0
209_5 = \frac{1}{3}
9_5 = \frac{1}{6}
 So y=1+1x+0x2+0x3+ 1x4+60x7+--
    y=1+x+x+++x++-x+-
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```
(18) y"- (cox)y'-y=0; y(M2)=1)y'(M2)=1
                 4 Coox = sin( I-x) = - sin(x-T/2)
                                        - cos x = sin (x - T/2)
                                      Air x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{7!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \cdots
                         y= 90+9(x-17/2)+92(x-17/2)2+93(x-17/2)3+...
                         y' = a_1 + 2a_2(x - \pi/2) + 3a_3(x - \pi/2)^2 +
y'' = 2a_2 + 6a_3(x - \pi/2) + 12a_4(x - \pi/2)^2 +
-co_3 x = (x - \pi/2) - \frac{1}{2}(x - \pi/2) + \frac{1}{2}(x - \pi/2)^2 -
                   = COX = X = 6x3 + 51x5 - 21 +
0=2a2+6a3(x-11/2)+12a4(x-11/2)2+...
       +[(x-17/2)- 6(x-17/2)3+ 1/2 (x-17/2)5- -- ][9,+29,(x-17/2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          + 393 (X-TTZ)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        +49 (X-11/2)
       - a. - a. (x-17/2) - 92(x-17/2) - 9,(x-17/2) - · · · +--
     = 2a_{2} + 6a_{3}(x - \pi/2) + 12a_{4}(x - \pi/2)^{2} + \cdots + a_{1}(x - \pi/2) + 2a_{2}(x - \pi/2)^{2} + \cdots - \frac{a_{1}(x - \pi/2)^{3} - \frac{a_{1}(x - \pi
  = (292-90) + (693) (x- T/2) + (1294+92) (x-T/2)3+...
                                       2az=ao (az= 1/2)
                                        6G3=0 (Q3=0)
                                1294 = -92 ( ay = - 92 = -24)
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(23) Z"+xz'+Z= x2+2x+1
                                                 Z= \( \Sigma_n \chi^2 \), \( \frac{7}{2} = \frac{8}{2} \quad \quad \quad \chi^{-1} \), \( \frac{7}{2} = \frac{8}{2} \quad \quad \quad \chi^{-1} \), \( \frac{7}{2} = \frac{8}{2} \quad \quad \chi^{-1} \), \( \frac{7}{2} = \frac{8}{2} \quad \quad \quad \chi^{-1} \), \( \frac{7}{2} = \frac{8}{2} \quad \qq \quad \quad \qq \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \qq \qq \qq \quad
     a_0 + a_1 \times + a_2 \times^2 + a_3 \times^3 + a_4 \times^4 + \cdots
+ a_1 \times + 2a_2 \times^2 + 3a_3 \times^3 + 4a_2 \times^4 + \cdots
+ 2a_2 + ba_3 \times + 12a_4 \times^2 + 20a_5 \times^3 + 3ba_6 \times^4 + \cdots
       (a_0 + 2a_2) + (2a_1 + 6a_3)x + (3a_2 + 12a_4)x^2 = x^2 + 2x + 1
+(4a_3+20a_3)x^2+(5a_4+30a_5)x^4+\cdots=x^2+2x+1
• a_0 + a_1 are arbitrary
• a_0 + 2a_z = 1
a_z = \frac{1-a_0}{2}
 · 2a,+6a3=2
                                                       693=2-29,
                                                                                         a========
  3G2 + 12 a4 = 1
                                                                            1294 = 1 - 392 = 1 - \frac{3}{2}(1 - 90)
                                                                        ag= 1-3(1-a0)
                                                                                    = 1 - \frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{2} q_0 = -\frac{1}{24} + \frac{1}{10} q_0
            Z= a0 + a1x + (1/2 - 90) x2 + (1/3 - 1/4) x3
                                                           + (-ty + to a) x"+ - -.
                                   = a_0(1 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{16}x^4 + \cdots)
                              / + 9, (\chi - \frac{1}{3}\chi^{3} + \cdots)
                                       + (\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{3} - \frac{1}{24} \cdot \frac{4}{7} + \cdot \cdo
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26)
$$2a_{0} + 2a_{1}x + 2a_{2}x^{2} + 2a_{3}x^{3} + 2a_{4}x^{4} + \cdots$$
- $a_{1}x - 2a_{1}x^{2} - 3a_{3}x^{3} - 4a_{4}x^{4} - 5a_{5}x^{5} - \cdots$
+ $2a_{2} + 6a_{3}x + 12a_{4}x^{2} + 20a_{5}x^{3} + 30a_{6}x^{4} + \cdots$
= $(2a_{0} + 2a_{2}) + (a_{1} + 6a_{5})x + 12a_{4}x^{2} + (20a_{5} - a_{3})x^{3} + \cdots$
= $2a_{0} + 2a_{2} + \frac{x^{4}}{2} + \frac{x^{4}}{2^{4}} - \frac{x^{6}}{7w} + \cdots$

2a_{0} = a_{0}

$$a_{1} = a_{1}$$

$$2a_{0} + 2a_{2} = 81 \quad a_{1} = \frac{1}{2} - a_{0}$$

$$a_{1} + 6a_{3} = 0 \quad a_{3} = -\frac{a_{1}}{4}$$

$$12a_{4} = -\frac{1}{2} \quad a_{4} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sqrt{2a_{0} + 2a_{2} + 2a_{2} + 2a_{3}} = 0 \quad a_{5} = \frac{a_{3}}{20} = -\frac{a_{1}}{120}$$

$$\sqrt{2a_{0} + 2a_{1}x + (\frac{1}{2} - a_{3})x^{2} + (-\frac{1}{6}a_{1})x^{3}} - \frac{1}{24}x^{4} - \frac{a_{1}}{120}x^{5} + \cdots$$

$$+ (a_{1}(x - \frac{1}{6}x^{3} - \frac{1}{120}x^{5} + \cdots) + (a_{1}(x - \frac{1}{6}x^{3} - \frac{1}{120}x^{5} - \cdots) + (a_{1}(x - \frac{1$$